

**France (updated
March 26)**

o Entry is only permitted to residents of EU, Australia, Israel, Japan, New Zealand, Singapore, South Korea, and the UK who can provide a negative COVID-19 PCR test taken within 72 hours of departure and will sign a declaration indicating they have no symptoms

o Non-EU entrants must have a “compelling” health, family, or professional visit reason and are asked to spend seven days in quarantine at their final destination

o Visitors are highly recommended to download the app TousAntiCovid

o Lockdowns vary by region, but Paris is seeing a “lite lockdown” with a curfew from 7pm to 6am until at least April 17th. As part of the lockdown, anyone leaving their house must have a certificate/’ attestation’ that states their reason to travel and are permitted to go no further than 10 kilometers from their home. The attestation is available digitally in the TousAntiCovid app or can be a paper copy.

o Travel between regions is banned unless there’s a “valid reason”

[o Source](#)

**Germany (March
26)**

o The hard lockdown has been extended for a fifth time and is in effect until April 18

o Entry to Germany is only possible for essential travel; most hotels are barred from offering overnight stays to tourists, and tourist visas are not being issued (Americans do not need a tourist visa, but this tourism ban is still applicable to Americans).

o Anyone entering Germany by plane will need to provide a negative COVID test result form 72 hours before departure.

o In terms of foreign entrants, risk level is being judged by region and different levels of restrictions apply to the different risk levels. Passengers are advised to check the Robert Koch Institute for specific information. The USA is considered a risk area, so passengers must fill out a digital entry application and enter a 10-day quarantine upon arrival, regardless of test result. Retesting is available on day 5 and negative travelers can be released from quarantine then.

o Source

Iceland (March 29)

o All passengers must preregister electronically before departure, though registry does not count as authorization to enter.

o Beginning April 6th, all travelers who can show either proof of full vaccination or proof of previously-recovered COVID infection will be allowed to enter Iceland for any reason without restriction.

o Entry into Iceland is allowed from EU countries, Australia, New Zealand, Rwanda, Singapore, South Korea, and Thailand. Outside of residents from those countries, travel is only permitted for essential reasons. Therefore American tourists are not able to enter Iceland unless they fit the above criteria.

§ Any passengers eligible to enter Iceland who do not fit the vaccinated/recovered criteria must show proof of a negative PCR test taken within 72 hours of departure. They must also undergo a 5-6 day quarantine either at their final destination (with proof of booked accommodations) or in a government facility (if no proof of accommodation is demonstrated). Passengers will be PCR tested upon entry and on Day 5 of quarantine. If both tests return negative, the passenger is allowed to leave quarantine. A notable exception occurs when another in the party tests positive, in which case all party

§ There is a tentative date for lessening border controls: May 1st. After that date, countries will be color coded according to risk and passengers from green countries will be exempt from quarantine and screening if they can demonstrate a negative test.

o There is a 10 person limit to public and private gatherings (excluding children under 6 and people in the same household). Masks are mandatory on public transportation and in stores, as well as anywhere where 2 meters of distance cannot be kept. Cinemas and bars are closed completely, but restaurants may be open until 10pm with a maximum of 20 guests. More information on current restrictions is available [here](#).

o All persons in Iceland are advised to download the Ranking C-19 app.

o Source

Ireland (March 30)

o There is a Government Advisory in place against all non-essential travel. This is not a ban, tourists are still entering the country, but they are highly discouraged.

o All passengers entering Ireland must show a negative PCR test result taken no more than 72 hours before arrival (unless under the age of six), fill out a Passenger Locator Form, and are required to quarantine for 14 days upon entry.

§ Ireland has divided foreign countries into high- and low risk states. Anyone who has been in or transited through a high risk state in the past 14 days must quarantine at a designated facility which must be booked in advance.

§ The United States is considered low risk. Those arriving from low risk states are allowed to quarantine at their final destination as indicated in their passenger locator form. Low risk arrivals are also permitted to re-test after 5 days of quarantine. If the test returns negative, passengers may leave quarantine

o In February, the national Level 5 COVID-19 lockdown was extended until at least April 5th. The majority of early-education schools are at least partially reopened, but restaurants, pubs, and non-essential retail have been closed since 2020. Residents are being asked to leave the house for essential reasons only and travel no more than 5km from their homes for exercise once daily. Household mixing is not allowed.

o On March 30th, it was announced that Level 5 restrictions would begin easing on April 12th. Beginning then, the mixing of two households will be allowed outdoors, within-country travel will be permitted (no more 5km mandate), and fully vaccinated individuals will be allowed to meet other fully vaccinated individuals indoors.

§ Beginning April 26, outdoor sports facilities and attractions (zoos, heritage sites, etc.) will be allowed to reopen and maximum funeral attendance will increase from 10 to 25 people.

§ A phased re-opening of non-essential retail and personal services will begin May 4th, along with the reopening of museums and religious services.

o Source

Italy (March 26)

o Italy is under a state of emergency until April 30th.

o Countries are currently grouped into three major lists: EU countries, low risk countries, and the rest of the world. The rules and classifications will be revisited on April 6th.

§ Arrivals from within Europe must provide a negative PCR test result taken within 48 hours of arrival, fill in a self-declaration form, and be willing to report regularly to local health authorities.

§ The low-risk countries are Australia, New Zealand, Rwanda, South Korea, Singapore, and Thailand and are allowed unrestricted entry to Italy but must self-isolate for 14 days after arrival. On April 6th, Japan will be added to the low-risk country list.

§ Travel to/from the rest of the world is only allowed for work, health, study, return to one's domicile, or "absolute urgency" reasons. American tourists are therefore not able to enter Italy. Anyone who is entering for a permitted reason must show a negative test result from within 48 hours of arrival and must undergo 14 days of quarantine

§ Austria is the only EU country not on the EU country list, and travelers who have been to Austria in the past 14 days must present a negative test taken within 48 hours of arrival, quarantine for 14 days upon arrival, and then be retested. The UK is not on the EU country list either, and arrivals are banned indefinitely. Passengers who have been in Brazil in the past 14 days are also banned until April 6th.

o As part of the state of emergency, there is a nationwide curfew from 10pm to 5am, masks must be worn at all times while in public, and non-essential travel between towns and regions is not allowed until at least April 6th. Most of the other restrictions are delegated by region based on the color zones designating infection level. The Italian Health Ministry bases its categorization on weekly infection reports and announces changes on Friday afternoons, with changes taking effect on the following Monday.

§ White zones are almost back to normal and are exempt from restrictions. So far, only Sardinia is a white zone, although the local curfew still has a curfew in place beginning at 11:30 and mandates mask wearing in public.

§ Yellow zones have relatively low case numbers. Bars and restaurants are limited to 6 people per table and must close their eat-in areas by 6pm. Bars are banned from selling takeaway drinks after 6pm. Theaters and gyms are closed, and shopping centers and museums are closed on weekends. Residents are allowed to travel once per day within their region. There are no mainland Italy regions considered yellow zones.

§ Orange zones are considered higher risk. Restaurants and bars may only offer takeaway. Regional borders are closed. Residents may move freely but may not leave their municipality except for work or emergency reasons. Residents can visit friends and family in the same municipality once per day between 5am and 10pm. No more than two adults should be out together at once, excluding children under 14. Abruzzo, Calabria, Liguria, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria and Valle d'Aosta are orange.

§ Red zones are the highest risk. All shops are closed except grocery stores and pharmacies. Residents may only leave their homes for work, health reasons, for worship, or for once daily exercise. Schools are closed. The rest of the country, excluding the orange regions, are red.

o All of Italy will become a red zone from April 3rd to 5th for Easter weekend.

[o Source](#)

Mexico (March 26)

o The land border between Mexico and the US is closed to nonessential travel until at least April 21st. However, travelers are welcomed by plane nationally without negative PCR test or quarantine. Entrants must complete a health declaration form and scan their generated QR code upon arrival.

o Mexico is using a four-tiered color system for local restrictions. For the period from March 29th to April 11th, there are no red regions and three green regions, with the majority of the rest being yellow.

§ Generally, orange regions limit capacity in public outdoor and indoor spaces to 30%, yellow allow for work spaces to return at capacity, and green means there are no restrictions.

§ Quintana Roo (site in Spanish), where Cancun and Playa del Carmen are, and Nayarit, where Puerto Vallarta is, are currently yellow. Quintana Roo businesses are open at 60% capacity and those of Nayarit at 50% capacity, which includes hotels, beaches, and tours. Nightclubs and bars will remain closed until further notice. Masks are to be worn in all public spaces, a policy mostly enforced by resorts and hotels.

§ For local regulations, travelers can find their destination region's informational site in this table.

o Most of Mexico's most popular tourist destinations and resort operators have received the WTTC Safe Travels certification for strict hygiene protocols, a complete list of which is available here.

o Source

Spain (March 24)



o Spain is under a state of emergency until May 9

As such, there is a national curfew from 11pm to 6am. Masks must be worn at all times in public excluding children 5 and under, and gatherings both indoors and outdoors are limited to 6 people.

§ Additionally, restrictions are in place regionally, so visitors should check with local regulations to see if the curfew has been moved up or even if regional entry is possible. The Easter holiday season will be particularly strict, with mobility between regions essentially prohibited.

§ In Catalonia (Barcelona), the regional borders are closed. Non-essential stores can open on weekends, and churches may hold up to 30% capacity. Only members of the same household may travel together in vehicles. Gatherings are limited to 6 people from 2 households. Bars and restaurants may be open until 5pm, and the overall curfew is from 10pm to 6am.

§ In Madrid, the region is on lockdown from March 17th to April 9th for the Easter season. The curfew is from 11pm to 6am, and bars and restaurants must stop accepting customers at 10pm. Socializing outside of one's household is prohibited, with a notable exception for people who live alone. There is a 6 person limit on social gatherings outdoors and a 4 person limit indoors (such as bars or restaurants). Non-essential businesses are open, but must close by 10.

§ The Canary Islands are not part of the state of emergency, but have their own island threat levels and lockdown intensities, with curfew times ranging from 10pm to 12am.

o Entry is only permitted to residents of EU, Australia, China, Japan, New Zealand, Rwanda, Singapore, Thailand, South Korea, and Uruguay. Beginning April 1st, UK residents are included in that list.

o Americans and tourists from other countries are only permitted with special permission from the Spanish government.

o All entrants must provide a negative COVID-19 PCR test taken within 72 hours of departure and must complete a Health Control Form online. Health assessments will take place upon arrival, with temperature checks and visual exams and re-testing as seen necessary.

o Source

UK (March 24)

o Visitors from banned list countries are not permitted entry unless they are UK residents. The US is not a banned country, and therefore, American tourists are able to enter.

o Entrants must present a negative COVID test taken within of 72 hours of arrival. All entrants must quarantine for 10 days upon arrival, at either their final destination or a specific site, dependent on both country of entry and country of departure. Arrivals will be retested on days two and eight of quarantine.

§ Those entering from a banned list country must purchase a government-provided “quarantine package” which includes the quarantine-approved hotel network, all food & drink, and retesting.

§ Those not coming from a banned country can quarantine at their final destination in England, Wales, and Northern Ireland but have specific hotel locations in Scotland. Before their trip to England/Wales/Scotland, passengers must book and pay for a travel test package that will cover the additional tests.

o Leaving the UK “without reasonable excuse” is not permitted and anyone attempting to go on holiday outside of the country will face a fine of up to USD7,000 (GBP5,000). This policy will be in place until June 30th.

o The lockdown situation varies depending on country and region.

o In England, schools reopened on March 8th, but all non-essential shops are closed and restaurants only serve takeaway. Beginning March 29th, two households of a combined total of up to six people are allowed to meet outdoors. The Stay-At-Home Order has officially ended, although restrictions remain and non-essential retail and restaurants are supposed to reopen on April 12th. The six-person/two-household limit will be in place until at least May 17th.

o In Wales, meetings of maximum 4 people from 2 households are allowed in outdoor areas.

o Source